## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

ANTWAN ROBINSON, #2000/5, a/k/a Markei Antwan Robinson, a/k/a Antiwan Robinson,	) ) C/A No. 6:10-1095 DCN KFM
Plaintiff,	)
VS.	ORDER
MS. JEAN RUTLEDGE, HCA; MS. VICTORIA BUGOLUN, LPN; MS. WILHELMINA GOLDEN,	) )
LT; MS. SUSAN DUFFY, CAPT; MR. STEVEN RECK, FSC; MS. KIRK, FSD; MR. VERNON	)
MILLER, CAPT; LT. TAMARA CONWELL;	)
NURSE ALLISON "ALICE" YOUNG, LPN; MR. OLSON, FSD; NURSE DEBORAH	)
MURRELL, LPN; AND MS. AMY ENLOE NURSE PRACTITIONER,	)
Defendants.	)
Defendants.	,

The above referenced case is before this court upon the magistrate judge's recommendation that the plaintiff's motions for injunctive reliefs be denied.

This court is charged with conducting a <u>de novo</u> review of any portion of the magistrate judge's report to which a specific objection is registered, and may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendations contained in that report. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). However, absent prompt objection by a dissatisfied party, it appears that Congress did not intend for the district court to review the factual and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge. <u>Thomas v Arn</u>, 474 U.S. 140 (1985). Additionally, any party who fails to file timely, written objections to the magistrate judge's report pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) waives the right to raise those objections at the appellate court level. <u>United States v. Schronce</u>, 727 F.2d 91 (4th Cir. 1984),

<u>cert.</u> <u>denied</u>, 467 U.S. 1208 (1984 ).<sup>1</sup> Objections to the magistrate judge's report and recommendation were timely filed on August 25, 2010.

A <u>de novo</u> review of the record indicates that the magistrate judge's report accurately summarizes this case and the applicable law. Accordingly, the magistrate judge's report and recommendation is **AFFIRMED**, and the motions for injunctive reliefs (Dkt. # 40 and #42) are **DENIED**.

AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

David C. Norton

Chief United States District Judge

Charleston, South Carolina September 8, 2010

## **NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL**

The parties are hereby notified that any right to appeal this Order is governed by Rules 3 and 4 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In <u>Wright v. Collins</u>, 766 F.2d 841 (4th Cir. 1985), the court held "that a <u>pro se</u> litigant must receive fair notification of the <u>consequences</u> of failure to object to a magistrate judge's report before such a procedural default will result in waiver of the right to appeal. The notice must be 'sufficiently understandable to one in appellant's circumstances fairly to appraise him of what is required." <u>Id.</u> at 846. Plaintiff was advised in a clear manner that his objections had to be filed within ten (10) days, and he received notice of the <u>consequences</u> at the appellate level of his failure to object to the magistrate judge's report.